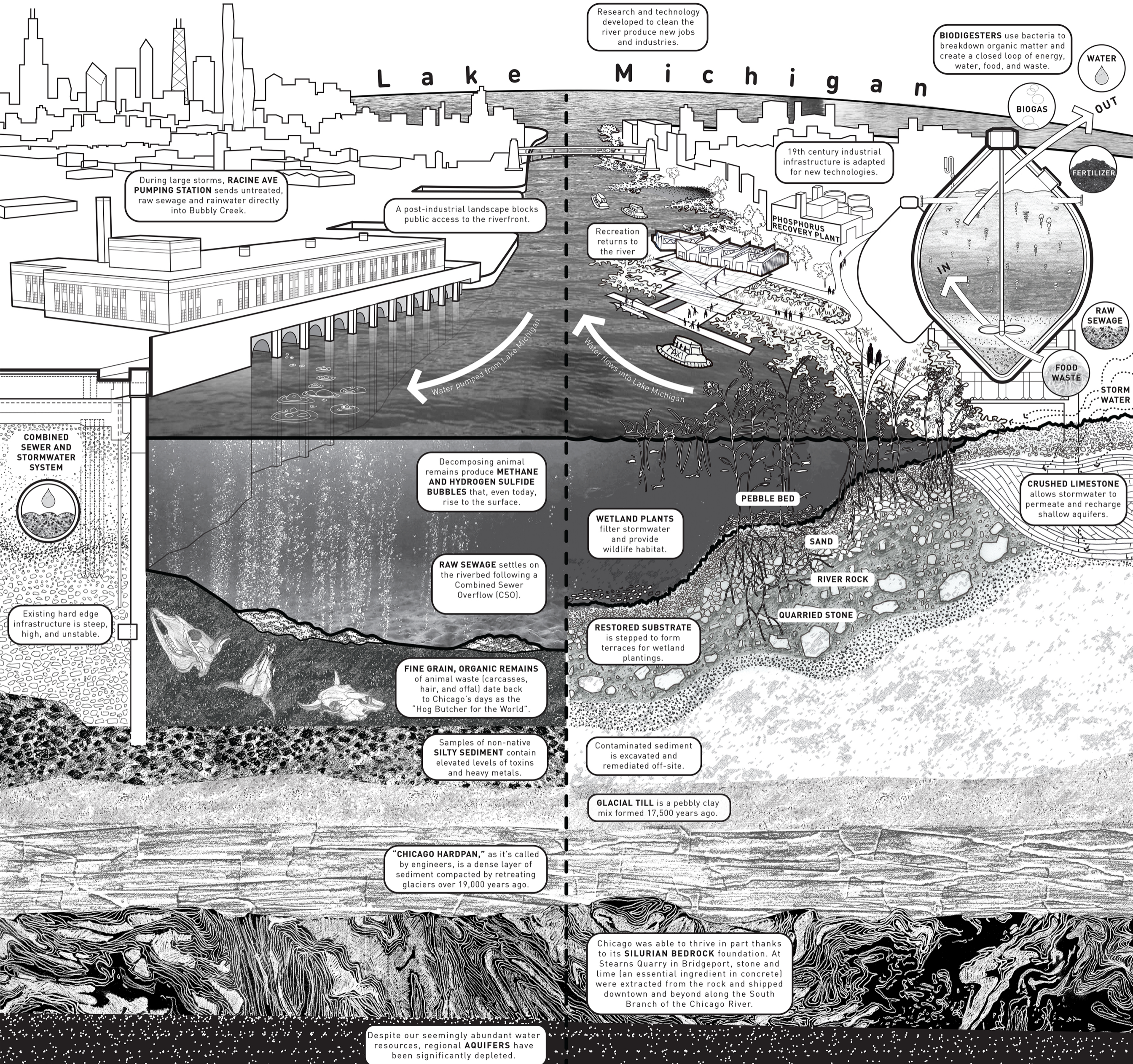


# TODAY

# FUTURE



Research and technology developed to clean the river produce new jobs and industries.

**BIODIGESTERS** use bacteria to breakdown organic matter and create a closed loop of energy, water, food, and waste.

During large storms, **RACINE AVE PUMPING STATION** sends untreated, raw sewage and rainwater directly into Bubbly Creek.

A post-industrial landscape blocks public access to the riverfront.

19th century industrial infrastructure is adapted for new technologies.

Recreation returns to the river

**PHOSPHORUS RECOVERY PLANT**

Water pumped from Lake Michigan

Water flows into Lake Michigan

**COMBINED SEWER AND STORMWATER SYSTEM**



Existing hard edge infrastructure is steep, high, and unstable.

Decomposing animal remains produce **METHANE AND HYDROGEN SULFIDE BUBBLES** that, even today, rise to the surface.

**RAW SEWAGE** settles on the riverbed following a Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO).

**FINE GRAIN, ORGANIC REMAINS** of animal waste (carcasses, hair, and offal) date back to Chicago's days as the "Hog Butcher for the World".

Samples of non-native **SILTY SEDIMENT** contain elevated levels of toxins and heavy metals.

**"CHICAGO HARDPAN,"** as it's called by engineers, is a dense layer of sediment compacted by retreating glaciers over 19,000 years ago.

Despite our seemingly abundant water resources, regional **AQUIFERS** have been significantly depleted.

**WATER**

**OUT**

**BIOGAS**

**FERTILIZER**

**RAW SEWAGE**

**FOOD WASTE**

**STORM WATER**

**CRUSHED LIMESTONE** allows stormwater to permeate and recharge shallow aquifers.

**PEBBLE BED**

**SAND**

**RIVER ROCK**

**QUARRIED STONE**

**WETLAND PLANTS** filter stormwater and provide wildlife habitat.

**RESTORED SUBSTRATE** is stepped to form terraces for wetland plantings.

Contaminated sediment is excavated and remediated off-site.

**GLACIAL TILL** is a pebbly clay mix formed 17,500 years ago.

Chicago was able to thrive in part thanks to its **SILURIAN BEDROCK** foundation. At Stearns Quarry in Bridgeport, stone and lime (an essential ingredient in concrete) were extracted from the rock and shipped downtown and beyond along the South Branch of the Chicago River.